Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

	sued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.														
Loca	I Unit	of Gov	ernment Type				Local Unit Na	me		County					
	Count	•	□City	□Twp	□Village	Other									
Fisca	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report	Submitted to State						
We a	ffirm	that	:		•										
We a	re ce	ertifie	d public ac	countants	s licensed to pra	actice in I	Michigan.								
We f	urthe	r affi	rm the follo	wing mat	erial, "no" respo	nses hav	e been discl	osed in the financial	statements, inclu	uding the notes, or in the					
Mana	agem	nent l	_etter (repo	rt of comi	ments and reco	mmenda	tions).								
	YES	9	Check ea	ch applic	able box belo	w . (See i	nstructions fo	r further detail.)							
1.		All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.													
2.			☐ There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.												
3.			The local	unit is in o	compliance with	the Unif	orm Chart of	Accounts issued by	the Department	of Treasury.					
4.			The local	unit has a	idopted a budge	et for all r	equired fund	S.							
5.			A public h	earing on	the budget was	s held in	accordance v	vith State statute.							
6.					ot violated the ssued by the Lo				nder the Emerger	ncy Municipal Loan Act, or					
7.			The local	unit has n	ot been delinqu	uent in dis	stributing tax	revenues that were	collected for ano	ther taxing unit.					
8.			The local	unit only l	nolds deposits/i	nvestmer	nts that comp	ly with statutory req	uirements.						
9.								s that came to our a sed (see Appendix H		ed in the <i>Bulletin for</i>					
10.			that have	not been	previously com	municate	d to the Loca		Division (LAFD)	during the course of our audit . If there is such activity that has					
11.			The local	unit is fre	e of repeated co	omments	from previou	s years.							
12.			The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	Э.									
13.					complied with G		or GASB 34 a	s modified by MCG	AA Statement #7	and other generally					
14.			The board	l or counc	il approves all i	invoices p	orior to payme	ent as required by cl	harter or statute.						
15.			To our kno	owledge,	bank reconcilia	tions that	were review	ed were performed t	timely.						
includes I, th	uded cripti e un	in tl on(s) dersi	nis or any of the auth gned, certif	other aud nority and y that this	dit report, nor of or commission statement is c	do they o	btain a stan	d-alone audit, pleas		the audited entity and is not name(s), address(es), and a					
We	have	e end	closed the	following	g:	Enclosed	d Not Requir	ed (enter a brief justific	cation)						
Fina	ancia	l Sta	tements												
The	lette	er of	Comments	and Reco	ommendations										
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)												
Certi	fied P	ublic A	Accountant (Fir	m Name)				Telephone Number							
Stree	et Add	ress						City	State	Zip					
			Signature	Bere	hiaumo	Р	rinted Name	<u> </u>	License I	Number					

VILLAGE OF MILLINGTON

Tuscola County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets.	3
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	5
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	6 7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	/
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	8
rund balances of Governmental runds to the Statement of Activities	0
Proprietary Funds:	0
Statement of Net Assets	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	10
Statement of Cash Flows.	11
Notes to Financial Statements.	13
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	27
Budgetary Comparison Schedule –Special Revenue Fund – Major Street Fund	28
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund – Local Street Fund	29
Pension System Schedule of Funding Progress.	30
Other Supplemental Information:	
General Fund:	
Detailed Schedule of Revenues.	32
Detailed Schedule of Expenditures.	33
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	25
Combining Balance Sheet.	35
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	36
Schedules of Indebtedness.	37
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	44



60 Harrow Lane Saginaw, Michigan 48638

> (989) 791-1555 Fax (989) 791-1992

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Village Council Village of Millington, Tuscola County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Millington as of and for the year ended February 28, 2006, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Millington's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Millington, as of February 28, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2006, on our consideration of the Village of Millington's, internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The budgetary comparison schedules as identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Millington's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying financial statements do not present a management's discussion and analysis, which would be an analysis of the financial performance for the year. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that this analysis is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Berthiaume & Co.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

February 28, 2006

	Pı	ima	ry Governme	nt				
	vernmental Activities		isiness-type Activities		Total		omponent nitDDA	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 418,293	\$	155,210	\$	573,503	\$	53,279	
Receivables	225,372		39,592		264,964		13,538	
Inventory	-		13,400		13,400		-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-		400,451		400,451		-	
Capital assets:								
Nondepreciable capital assets	11,500		-		11,500		-	
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,043,758		2,708,833		3,752,591			
Other assets	 		62,468		62,468		-	
Total assets	 1,698,923	_	3,379,954		5,078,877		66,817	
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	14,457		80,331		94,788		136,705	
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year	3,000		57,000		60,000		5,000	
Due in more than one year	 40,500		1,741,000		1,781,500		235,000	
Total liabilities	 57,957		1,878,331		1,936,288		376,705	
Net assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,011,759		910,833		1,922,592		-	
Restricted for:								
Debt service	-		77,657		77,657		-	
Repair, replacement, and improvements	-		322,794		322,794		-	
Streets	324,950		-		324,950		-	
Unrestricted	 304,257		190,339	_	494,596		(309,888)	
Total net assets	\$ 1,640,966	\$	1,501,623	\$	3,142,589	\$	(309,888)	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

				P	<u>.</u> II					
	<u>i</u>	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			(Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	115,842	\$	20,400	\$	_	\$	10,177	\$	(85,265)
Public safety		87,782		-		1,236		-		(86,546)
Public works		979,787		64,127		551,329		662,968		348,637
Community and economic										
development		-		4,045		-		-		4,045
Recreation and culture		4,450		-		-		-		(4,450)
Interest on long-term debt		2,174		-				-		(2,174)
Total governmental activities	_	1,140,035		88,572		552,565		673,145		174,247
Business-type activities:										
Sewer		241,976		120,520		-		656,988		535,532
Water		226,459		243,871				-		17,412
Total business-type activities		476,723		364,391				656,988		544,656
Total primary government	\$	1,616,758	\$	452,963	\$	552,565	\$	1,330,133	\$	718,903
COMPONENT UNITS:										
Downtown development authority	\$	697,027	\$	6,150	\$	12,802	\$	239,192	\$	(438,883)
Total component unit	\$	697,027	\$	6,150	\$	12,802	\$	239,192	\$	(438,883)

		Pr						
			i	Business-				
	Gov	ernmental		type			\boldsymbol{C}	omponent
	A	ctivities		Activities		Total	U	nit - DDA
Changes in net assets	Φ	174047	ф	544.656	Ф	710.002	Ф	(420,002)
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	174,247	\$	544,656	\$	718,903	\$	(438,883)
General revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes, levied for general purpose		259,092		-		259,092		-
Property taxes, captured by component unit		´-		-		-		47,443
Franchise taxes		6,397		-		6,397		-
Grants and contributions not restricted to								
specific programs		121,019		-		121,019		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		12,099		9,477		21,576		4,963
Special item - Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset		128,567	_	5,520		134,087	_	29,500
Total general revenues, contributions, special								
items,and transfers		527,174		14,997		542,171		81,906
Change in net assets		701,421		559,653		1,261,074		(356,977)
Net assets, beginning of year		939,546		941,970		1,881,516		47,089
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,640,967	\$	1,501,623	\$	3,142,590	\$	(309,888)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

February 28, 2006

	General Fund			Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund		onmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:	¢.	\$ 67,600		57.616	Ф	220 002	Φ	20.224	Ф	274 422
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	67,690 -	\$	57,616 -	\$	220,893	\$	28,224 8,080	\$	374,423 8,080
Due from other governmental units		36,811		23,239		23,202		-		83,252
Due from component unit		134,040								134,040
Total assets	\$	\$ 238,541		\$ 80,855		\$ 244,095		\$ 36,304		599,795
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	9,773	\$		\$		\$	3,647	\$	13,420
Total liabilities		9,773						3,647		13,420
Fund balances:										
Unreserved:										
General fund		228,768		-		-		-		228,768
Special revenue funds				80,855		244,095		32,657		357,607
Total fund balances		228,768		80,855		244,095		32,657		586,375
Total liabilities and fund										
balances	\$	238,541	\$	\$ 80,855		\$ 244,095		\$ 36,304		599,795

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

February 28, 2006

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	586,375
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of of net assets is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets 973	,998	
Less accumulated depreciation (65)	,454)	908,544
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental		
activities in the statement of net assets.		146,047
Net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,640,966

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		General Fund	Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund	eet Governmental		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	212,683	\$	-	\$ -	\$	49,358	\$	262,041
Licenses and permits		280		-	-		-		280
Federal grants		-		434,300	-		-		434,300
State grants		122,255		64,504	24,266		-		211,025
Contributions from other units		10,000		9,435	18,824		-		38,259
Charges for services		4,365		-	-		64,127		68,492
Interest and rents		5,710		1,631	3,871		1,156		12,368
Other revenue		139,214			 		6,397		145,611
Total revenues		494,507		509,870	 46,961		121,038		1,172,376
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		115,530		-	-		-		115,530
Public safety		86,072		-	-		-		86,072
Public works		93,285		656,662	44,445		129,492		923,884
Recreation and culture		4,450		-	-		-		4,450
Capital outlay		164,949	_	-	 			_	164,949
Total expenditures		464,286		656,662	 44,445		129,492		1,294,885
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	30,221		(146,792)	 2,516		(8,454)		(122,509)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_	- -		112,858	(89,554)		(23,304)	_	112,858 (112,858)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_			112,858	 (89,554)		(23,304)	_	
Net change in fund balances		30,221		(33,934)	(87,038)		(31,758)		(122,509)
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	198,547	_	114,789	 331,133		64,415		708,884
Fund balances, end of year	\$	228,768	\$	80,855	\$ 244,095	\$	32,657	\$	586,375

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

February 28, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (122,509)
Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	838,094	
Less depreciation expense	(2,112)	835,982
Sales of assets is a revenue in the governmental funds; this revenue is reduced		
by the net book value of the capital assets sold in the statement of net assets.		(5,096)
The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		 (6,956)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 701,421

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

February 28, 2006

	Bus	iness-type Activ	ities		Governmental Activities
		Enterprise Fund			Internal
			Industrial		Service Fund
	Sewer	Water	Development		Motor Pool
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,835	\$ 36,959	\$ 17,416	\$ 155,210	\$ 43,870
Accounts receivable Inventory	14,116 2,300	25,476 11,100	-	39,592 13,400	-
Total current assets	117,251	73,535	17,416	208,202	43,870
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	278,274	122,177	-	400,451	-
Capital assets:	1 242 221	1 466 510		2 700 022	146714
Depreciable capital assets, net Land held for development	1,242,321	1,466,512	- 22 277	2,708,833	146,714
Deferred charges	39,091	- -	23,377	23,377 39,091	-
Total noncurrent assets	1,559,686	1,588,689	23,377	3,171,752	146,714
Total assets	1,676,937	1,662,224	40,793	3,379,954	190,584
Liabilities: Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	39,700	1,322	-	41,022	520
Accrued expenses	9,644	29,665	-	39,309	517
Current portion of long-term debt	15,000	42,000		57,000	3,000
Total current liabilities	64,344	72,987		137,331	4,037
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Long-term debt	575,000	1,166,000		1,741,000	40,500
Total noncurrent liabilities	575,000	1,166,000		1,741,000	40,500
Total liabilities	639,344	1,238,987		1,878,331	44,537
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt	652,321	258,512	-	910,833	103,214
Restricted for:	- ,	-		- ,	,
Debt service	-	77,657	-	77,657	-
Repair, replacement, and improvements	278,274	44,520	-	322,794	-
Unrestricted	106,998	42,548	40,793	190,339	42,833
Total net assets	\$ 1,037,593	\$ 423,237	\$ 40,793	\$ 1,501,623	\$ 146,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

٠

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Bus		Governmental Activities		
		Enterprise Fund			Internal
	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Industrial Development Fund	Total	<u>Service Fund</u> Motor Pool Fund
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 118,983	\$ 220,090	\$ -	\$ 339,073	\$ -
Penalties	1,537	2,943	-	4,480	-
Equipment rental	_	-	-	_	50,291
Other					208
Total operating revenues	120,520	223,033		343,553	50,499
Operating expenses:					
Personnel	55,630	46,180	-	101,810	2,750
Fringe benefits	17,647	17,192	-	34,839	1,327
Supplies	6,158	23,118	-	29,276	14,177
Contracted services	103,863	10,684	8,013	122,560	155
Telephone	-	240	-	240	-
Dues and membership fees	225	-	-	225	-
Education and training	330	480	-	810	-
Printing and publishing	206	180	-	386	-
Insurance	1,629	7,817	-	9,446	651
Utilities	4,317	6,972	-	11,289	-
Repair and maintenance	-	-	-	-	9,337
Equipment rental	11,428	6,201	-	17,629	-
Other services and supplies	225	516	275	1,016	918
Depreciation Total operating expenses	23,111 225,210	44,193 163,930	8,288	67,304 397,428	<u>26,997</u> 56,312
Total operating expenses	223,210	103,930			
Operating income (loss)	(104,690)	59,103	(8,288)	(53,875)	(5,813)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Federal grants	656,988	-	-	656,988	-
Interest income	5,572	3,668	237	9,477	1,031
Rental income	-	20,838	-	20,838	-
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	-	-	5,520	5,520	-
Interest expense	(16,766)	(62,529)		(79,295)	(2,174)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	645,794	(38,023)	5,757	613,528	(1,143)
Net income (loss)	541,104	21,080	(2,531)	559,653	(6,956)
Net assets, beginning of year	496,489	402,157	43,324	941,970	153,003
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,037,593	\$ 423,237	\$ 40,793	\$ 1,501,623	\$ 146,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

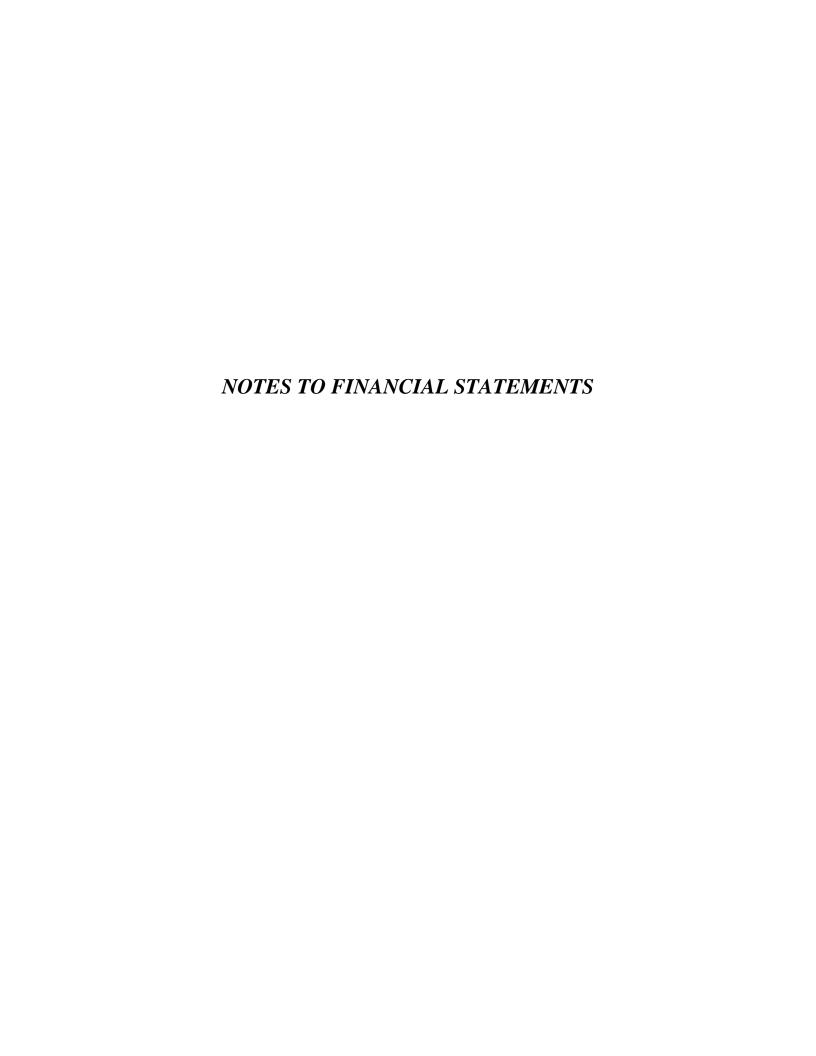
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended February 28, 2006

		Ві	ısine	ess-type Acti	viti	ies				vernmental Activities
			Ent	terprise Fun	ds				1	Internal
		Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Industrial Development Fund		Total		<u>rvice Fund</u> lotor Pool Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		,								,
Cash received from customers	\$	120,635	\$	225,881	\$	-	\$	346,516	\$	208
Cash received from/paid for interfund services		-		-		-		_		50,291
Cash payments to employees		(55,630)		(46,180)		-		(101,810)		(2,750)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(99,914)		(74,113)	_	(8,288)		(182,315)		(26,862)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(34,909)		105,588	_	(8,288)		62,391		20,887
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:										
Grant		656,988		-		-		656,988		-
Proceeds from the sale of assets		-		-		25,000		25,000		-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(863,237)		-		-		(863,237)		(13,848)
Principal payments		300,000		(36,000)		-		264,000		(3,000)
Interest paid		(16,766)		(62,529)		-		(79,295)		(2,174)
Deferred financing costs paid		(21,727)		-	_			(21,727)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related										
financing activities	_	55,258		(98,529)	_	25,000		(18,271)		(19,022)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Rent received		5,572		3,668 20,838		237		9,477 20,838		1,031
Net cash provided by investing activities		5,572		24,506		237		30,315		1,031
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		25,921		31,565		16,949		74,435		2,896
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		353,188		127,571		467		481,226		40,974
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	379,109	\$	159,136	\$	17,416	\$	555,661	\$	43,870
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(104,690)	\$	59,103	\$	(8,288)	\$	(53,875)	\$	(5,813)
Adjustments: Depreciation		23,111		44,193		-		67,304		26,997
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		115		2,848		-		2,963		-
Inventory		(545)		(53)		-		(598)		-
Accounts payable		39,343		602		-		39,945		(262)
Accrued expenses		7,757	_	(1,105)	_			6,652		(35)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(34,909)	\$	105,588	\$	(8,288)	\$	62,391	\$	20,887

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2006

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Village of Millington conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity:

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Village and its component units. In evaluating the Village as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the Village may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the Village's financial statements. The Village (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the Village. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the Village's reporting entity because of their operational or financial relationship with the Village.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the Village's one component unit. This unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Village. The component unit is described as follows:

Downtown Development Authority - The members of the governing board of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) are appointed by the Village Council. The budgets and expenditures of the Downtown Development Authority must be approved by the Village Council. The Village also has the ability to significantly influence operations of the Downtown Development Authority. Complete separate financial statements of the Downtown Development Authority are not prepared.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accounts of the Village are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are

February 28, 2006

levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are business-type activities. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net assets presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net assets are reported in three parts (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, (2) restricted net assets, and (3) unrestricted net assets. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). The Village does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Village has eliminated interfund transactions.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net assets resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

February 28, 2006

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fiduciary funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Fiduciary funds are accounted for on a spending or economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary funds.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Major Street Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of the Village's major street system.

The Local Street Fund is used to account for the maintenance and construction of the Village's local street system.

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Sewer Fund** is used to account for the revenues and expenses for the operation of a sewer system.

The Water Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses for the operation of a water system.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do no conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

February 28, 2006

Assets, Liabilities and Equity:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments, if any, are stated at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u> – Generally, outstanding amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are caused by transferring revenues and expenses between funds to get them into the proper reporting fund. These balances are paid back as cash flow permits.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Village defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$1,000. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Public domain (infrastructure) assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture	5-10 years
Equipment	5-25 years
Infrastructure	5-50 years

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> — In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

February 28, 2006

Eliminations and Reclassifications:

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Property Taxes:

Village property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of July 1. Taxes are levied July 1 and are due without penalty on or before September 14.

The 2005 taxable valuation of the Village totaled \$19,786,383, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 14.2977 mills for the Village's operating purposes, of which 2.4128 mills was allocated to municipal streets.

The delinquent real property taxes of the Village are purchased by Tuscola County. The delinquent real property taxes are received soon enough after year end to be recorded as revenue in the current year.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information:

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Village Manager submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget by fund for each year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to March 1, the budget is legally enacted by adoption of the Village Council.
- 4. Any revision that alters the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 6. Governmental fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds budgets as originally adopted and amended by the Village Council is included in the required supplemental information.
- 7. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds:

During the year, the Village did not incur any expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted.

February 28, 2006

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency of instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The investment policy adopted by the Village Council is in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997. The Village's deposits and investments have been made in accordance with statutory authority.

The Village's deposits are subject to custodial risk, which is presented in more detail as follows:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to them. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Village had \$703,627 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts), of which \$222,177 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 4: RESTRICTED ASSETS AND BOND RESERVES

Water Fund Reserves:

The Village's ordinances authorizing issuance of the 2002 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds require that specific accounts be established and monies deposited as follows:

Receiving Account – All receipts are initially deposited into this account.

Operation and Maintenance Account – Transfers are to be made to cover upcoming operating expenses.

Bond and Interest Redemption Account – Monthly transfers are to be made equal to 1/6 of the next interest payment due plus 1/12 of the next principal payment due.

Water Bond Reserve Account – Annually \$6,583.50 is to be transferred to this account until \$65,385 is accumulated.

Repair, Replacement, and Improvement Fund – Annually \$10,450 is to be deposited into this account until the Bond Reserve Account is fully funded. From that time on, annual installments of \$17,033.50 are to be deposited for the life of the loan.

February 28, 2006

Amount

At February 28, 2006 the Village had these accounts established and had restricted cash as follows:

			REQU	<i>IREMENTS</i>	,		R	Funded Cestricted Cash Balance
	Fel	oruary 28, 2005	Additions (Reductions)		Fe	ebruary 28, 2006	February 28, 2006	
Bond and interest redemption fund	\$	32,314	\$	239	\$	32,553	\$	49,651
Bond reserve account		19,750		6,584		26,334		28,006
Repair, replacement, and improvement fund		31,350		10,450		41,800		44,520
	\$	83,414	\$	17,273	\$	100,867	\$	122,177

Sewer Fund Reserve:

The Village has a contract payable with Tuscola County for the repayment of the 2005 Sanitary Sewer Treatment Facility Project Bonds. None of the net proceeds from this bond issue has been spent as of February 28, 2006.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government capital asset activity for the year ended February 28, 2006 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 14,100	\$ -	\$ (2,600)	\$ 11,500
Depreciable capital assets:				
Land improvements	-	662,968	-	662,968
Buildings and improvements	126,900	153,964	(23,400)	257,464
Furniture and fixtures	-	10,985	-	10,985
Equipment	353,942	24,026	-	377,968
Vehicles	158,215			158,215
Total depreciable capital assets	639,057	851,943	(23,400)	1,467,600
Accumulated depreciation	(415,636)	(29,109)	20,904	(423,841)
Depreciable capital assets, net	223,421	822,834	(2,496)	1,043,759
Governmental activities, capital				
assets, net	\$ 237,521	\$ 822,834	\$ (5,096)	\$ 1,055,259

February 28, 2006

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Depreciable capital assets				
Equipment	10,682	-	-	10,682
Vehicles	21,280	-	-	21,280
Distribution system	2,927,727	863,237		3,790,964
Total capital depreciable assets	2,959,689	863,237	-	3,822,926
Accumulated depreciation	(1,046,789)	(67,304)		(1,114,093)
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,912,900	795,933		2,708,833
Business-type activities, capital				
assets, net	\$1,912,900	\$ 795,933	\$ -	\$ 2,708,833

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 2,011
Public safety	7,602
Public works	 19,496
Total governmental activities	\$ 29,109
Business-type activities:	
Sewer	\$ 23,111
Water	 44,193
Total business-type activities	\$ 67,304

February 28, 2006

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The Village issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment.

Long-term liabilities at February 28, 2006 consisted of the following:

			Annual	Original	
		Interest	Principal	Issue	Outstanding
Types of Indebtedness	<u>Maturity</u>	Rates	Installments	Amount	at Year-End
Governmental Activities					
Installment Purchase Contract:					
2001 Issue - Dump Truck Loan					
Serial Current Interest Loan	12/1/05-12/1/16	4.75%	\$3,000-5,000	\$ 55,500	\$ 43,500
Business-type Activities					
Revenue Bonds:					
1988 Issue - Water Revenue Refunding Bonds					
Serial Current Interest Bonds	10/1/05-10/1/08	8.10-8.40%	25,000-30,000	265,000	90,000
2002 Issue - Water Revenue Bonds					
Serial Current Interest Bonds	9/1/05-9/1/42	4.5%	11,000-62,000	1,150,000	1,118,000
General Obligation Bonds:					
2005 Issue - Sewer General Obligation Bonds					
Serial Current Interest Bonds	4/1/06-4/1/25	3.50-4.55%	10,000-20,000	290,000	290,000
Contracts Payable:					
2005 Issue - Sewer Treatment Facility Project	10/1/06-10/1/25	4.50-4.75%	5,000-25,000	300,000	300,000
Component Unit					
Component Unit					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2004 Issue - Downtown Development Limited					
Tax Bonds	10/1/05 10/1/22	1.00.1.000/	5 000 20 000	250,000	240,000
Serial Current Interest Bonds	12/1/05-12/1/23	4.00-4.90%	5,000-20,000	250,000	240,000

February 28, 2006

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended February 28, 2006:

	1	Beginning Balance	Additions Retirements			Ending Balance			Due Within One Year				
Governmental activities:													
Installment Purchase Contract													
2001 Issue	\$	46,500	\$	-	\$	(3,0	(000	\$	4	43,500	\$		3,000
Total governmental activities													
- long-term liabilities	\$	46,500	\$		\$	(3,0	<u>(000</u>	\$	4	43,500	\$		3,000
Business-type activities:													
Revenue Bonds:													
1988 Issue	\$	115,000	\$	-	\$	(25,0	(000)	\$	Ģ	90,000	\$	3	30,000
2002 Issue		1,129,000		-		(11,0	(000)		1,1	18,000			12,000
General Obligation Bonds:													
2005 Issue		290,000.00		-			-		290,0	00.00			10,000
Contracts Payable													
2005 Issue			_	300,000.00				_	300,0	00.00			5,000
Total business-type activities													
- long-term liabilities	\$	1,534,000	\$	300,000	\$	(36,0	000)	\$	1,79	98,000	\$		57,000
		Interest <u>Rate Ranges</u>		Principal Maturity <u>Ranges</u>	_	inning <u>lance</u>	Ada (Redi			Endin <u>Balan</u>	O	W	Due Iithin e <u>Year</u>
Component units:													
General Obligation - 2004 Downtown	n												
Development Limited Tax Bonds													
Amount of Issue - \$250,000													
Maturing through 2023		4.0-4.9%	\$5	,000-20,000	\$ 2	45,000	\$	(5,	000)	\$ 240,0	000	\$	5,000
Total component units					\$ 2	45,000	\$	(5,	000)	\$ 240,0	000	\$	5,000

February 28, 2006

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond and contractual obligations are as follows:

Year Ended		Governmental Activities					 Ви	sine	ss-type Activii	ties	
February 28,	Pi	rincipal		Interest		Total	 Principal		Interest		Total
2007	\$	3,000	\$	2,066	\$	5,066	\$ 57,000	\$	84,689	\$	141,689
2008		3,000		1,924		4,924	57,000		82,226		139,226
2009		3,000		1,781		4,781	58,000		78,592		136,592
2010		4,000		1,639		5,639	28,000		74,878		102,878
2011		4,000		1,449		5,449	34,000		73,686		107,686
2012-2016		21,500		4,371		25,871	201,000		345,088		546,088
2017-2021		5,000		238		5,238	271,000		293,784		564,784
2022-2026		-		-		-	348,000		224,146		572,146
2027-2031		-		-		-	161,000		162,118		323,118
2032-2036		-		-		-	205,000		119,938		324,938
2037-2041		-		-		-	257,000		66,454		323,454
2042-2043		-		-		-	121,000		8,694		129,694
	\$	43,500	\$	13,468	\$	56,968	\$ 1,798,000	\$	1,614,293	\$	3,412,293

Year Ended							
February 28,	P	Principal	 Interest	Total			
2007	\$	5,000	\$ 10,660	\$	15,660		
2008		5,000	10,460		15,460		
2009		10,000	10,260		20,260		
2010		10,000	9,860		19,860		
2011		10,000	9,460		19,460		
2012-2016		55,000	41,270		96,270		
2017-2021		85,000	27,022		112,022		
2022-2025		60,000	 5,860		65,860		
	\$	240,000	\$ 124,852	\$	364,852		

February 28, 2006

NOTE 7: DISAGGREGATED RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Receivables and payables as of year end for the Village's governmental and business-type activities in the aggregate are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		siness-type Activities	Component Unit	
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$	8,080	\$ 39,592	\$	-
Intergovernmental		217,293	 		13,538
Total receivables	\$	225,373	\$ 39,592	\$	13,538
Accounts payable and accrued expenses:					
Accounts	\$	13,940	\$ 41,022	\$	-
Interest		517	39,309		2,665
Intergovernmental		=	 		134,040
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	14,457	\$ 80,331	\$	136,705

NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation) and certain medical benefits provided to employees.

The Village has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits, manages its workers compensation risk, by participating in Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund, and its liability and property risk by participating in the Michigan Township Participating Plan a public entity risk pool providing property and liability coverage to its participating members. The Village pays an annual premium for its workers compensation, property and liability insurance coverage. Both the Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Fund and the Michigan Township Participating Plan are self-sustaining through member premiums. The Michigan Township Participating Plan provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally assuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

February 28, 2006

NOTE 10: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND BENEFIT SYSTEMS

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System):

Plan Description – The Local governmental Unit participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers municipal employees in the State of Michigan. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to MERS at 447 N. Canal Rd., Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding Policy – The obligation to contribute and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the Village Council and personnel policy, which requires employees to contribute to the plan at a rate of 3% for General and DPW employees and 7.2% for Police. The Village of Millington is required to contribute at actuarially determined rates; the current rates ranged from 4.90 to 8.67 percent of eligible payroll based on the December 31, 2003 valuation.

Annual Pension Costs – For year ended February 28, 2006, the Village's annual pension cost of \$10,761 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2003, using the entry actual age cost method. Significant actuarial assumption used include: (i) an 8% investment rate of return; (ii) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year; and (iii) 2.5% per year cost of living adjustments. All are determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized at a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

Three year trend information as of February 28, follows:

	 2006	 2005	 2004
Annual pension cost	\$ 10,761	\$ 11,005	\$ 9,361
Percentage of APC contributed	100%	100%	100%
Net pension obligation	-	-	-

Post Employment Benefits:

The Village has no post employment other than the retirement plan mentioned above.



GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				Actual er (Under)
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	237,570	\$	247,100	\$	212,683	\$	(34,417)
Licenses and permits		10		400		280		(120)
State grants		121,300		122,801		122,255		(546)
Contributions from other units		-		-		10,000		10,000
Charges for services		220,793		206,293		4,365		(201,928)
Fines and forfeits		50		50		-		(50)
Interest and rents		1,300		8,210		5,710		(2,500)
Other revenue	-	5,600	_	139,500		139,214		(286)
Total revenues		586,623		724,354		494,507		(229,847)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		226,053		272,113		115,530		(156,583)
Public safety		87,906		92,843		86,072		(6,771)
Public works		176,472		219,215		93,285		(125,930)
Recreation and culture		4,400		4,450		4,450		-
Capital outlay		22,350		184,390		164,949		(19,441)
Total expenditures		515,181		773,011		464,286		(308,725)
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures		71,442		(48,657)		30,221		78,878
Fund balance, beginning of year		198,547		198,547		198,547		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	269,989	\$	149,890	\$	228,768	\$	78,878

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – MAJOR STREET FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted	Amounts		Actual Over (Under)	
	Original	Original Final		Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Federal grants	\$ -	\$ 434,300	\$ 434,300	\$ -	
State grants	71,200	71,200	64,504	(6,696)	
Contributions from other units	8,600	9,033	9,435	402	
Interest	200	1,665	1,631	(34)	
Other revenue		200		(200)	
Total revenues	80,000	516,398	509,870	(6,528)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works	140,171	696,520	656,662	(39,858)	
Total expenditures	140,171	696,520	656,662	(39,858)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(60,171)	(180,122)	(146,792)	33,330	
Other financing sourses (uses):					
Transfers in		112,858	112,858		
Total other financing sources (uses)		112,858	112,858		
Net change in fund balance	(60,171)	(67,264)	(33,934)	33,330	
Fund balance, beginning of year	114,789	114,789	114,789		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 54,618	\$ 47,525	\$ 80,855	\$ 33,330	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – LOCAL STREET FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

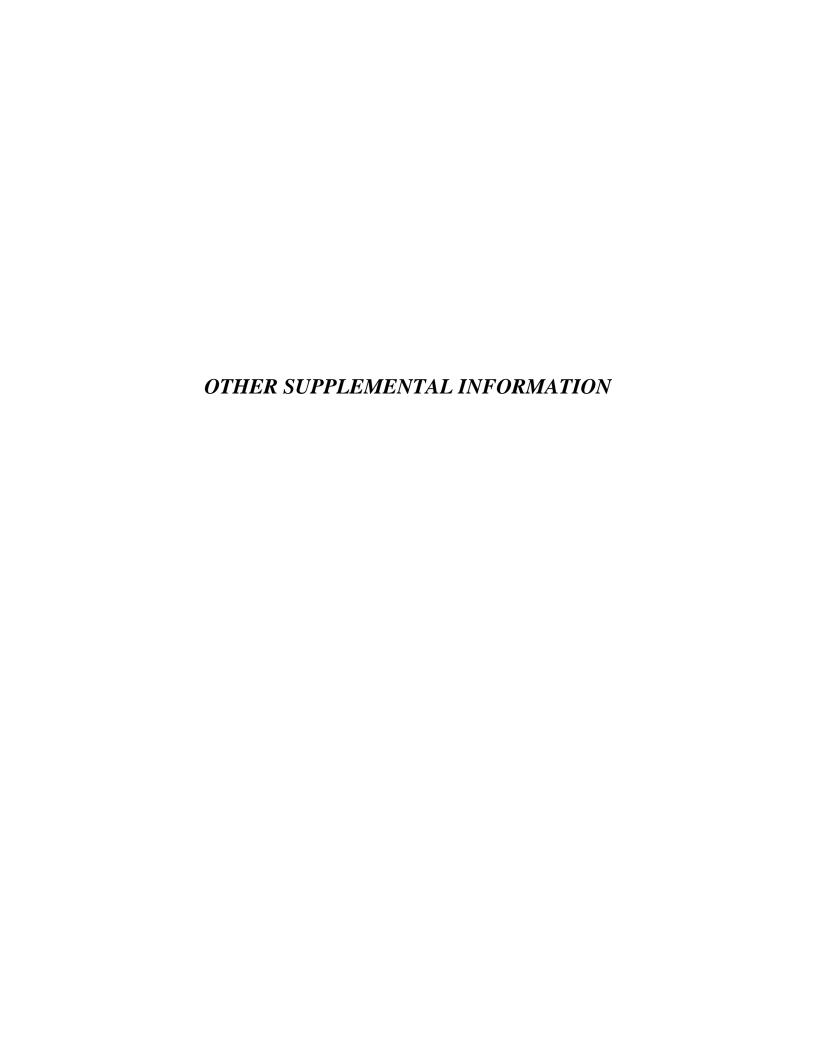
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Over (Under)		
		Original	Final		Actual		Gver (Unaer) Final Budget	
Revenues:								
State grants	\$	27,000	\$	27,000	\$	24,266	\$	(2,734)
Contributions from other units		17,200		18,021		18,824		803
Interest		1,500		4,250		3,871		(379)
Total revenues		45,700		49,271	_	46,961	_	(2,310)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		153,054	_	236,931		44,445		(192,486)
Total expenditures		153,054	_	236,931		44,445		(192,486)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(107,354)		(187,660)	_	2,516		190,176
Other financing sources:								
Transfers out			_	(89,554)		(89,554)		
Total other financing sources		<u>-</u>		(89,554)	_	(89,554)		
Net change in fund balance		(107,354)		(277,214)		(87,038)		190,176
Fund balance, beginning of year		331,133		331,133		331,133		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	223,779	\$	53,919	\$	244,095	\$	190,176

PENSION SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

February 28, 2006

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Underfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as of Percent of Covered Payroll
12/31/04	\$ 1,011,339	1,034,136	22.797	97.80%	186.840	12.20%
12/31/03	973.772	1.074.226	100.454	90.65	212,576	47.26
12/31/02	895,823	1,044,114	148,291	85.79	318,088	46.63
12/31/01	815,221	895,352	80,131	91.05	297,303	26.95
12/31/00	719,120	811,059	91,939	88.66	283,824	32.39
12/31/99	622,279	690,623	68,344	90.10	281,769	24.26
12/31/98	511,692	609,341	97,649	83.97	260,769	37.44
12/31/97	417,202	530,886	113,684	78.59	276,301	41.14



GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES

Year Ended February 28, 2006

Revenues:	
Current taxes:	
Property taxes	\$ 209,510
Penalties and interest on taxes	224
Administration fees	2,949
	212,683
Licenses and permits:	
Nonbusiness licenses and permits	280
•	280
State grants:	
Liquor license fees	1,236
State revenue sharing - sales tax	121,019
State to ronde sharing states tax	122,255
	122,233
Contribution from other units:	10.000
Downtown Development Authority administration charges	10,000
	10,000
Charges for services:	
Zoning/Variance/Appeals fees	4,045
Other	320
	4,365
Interest and rents:	
Interest	4,410
Rents	1,300
	5,710
	<u> </u>
Other revenue:	
Sale of property	133,663
Reimbursements	3,423
Other	2,128
	139,214
Total revenues	\$ 494,507
	,,

Total general government

GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES

Year Ended February 28, 2006

Expenditures:	
General Government:	
Council:	
Personnel	\$ 6,650
	6,650
Accounting/Finance:	
Personnel	42,822
Fringe benefits	13,517
Supplies	5,671
Contracted services	4,227
Telephone	3,971
Transportation	1,088
Dues and memberships	1,047
Conferences and workshops	655
Printing and publications	686
Insurance	5,224
Utilities	3,441
Equipment rental	1,400
Other	2,924
	86,673
Audit:	
Contracted services	2,542
	2,542
Hall and Grounds:	<u> </u>
Personnel	1,540
Fringe benefits	155
Supplies	1,219
Contracted services	1,566
Insurance	2,463
Utilities	10,000
Repairs and maintenance	2,572
Other	150
	19,665

115,530

GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)

Year Ended February 28, 2006

Expenditures, continued:	
Public Safety:	
Police:	51.002
Personnel	51,883
Fringe benefits	21,889
Supplies	3,410
Contracted services	775
Telephone	958
Transportation	39
Insurance Utilities	5,618
Ounties	1,500
	86,072
Total public safety	86,072
Public Works:	
Department of Public Works:	
Personnel	42,047
Fringe benefits	8,479
Supplies	1,429
Contracted services	893
Telephone	1,595
Transportation	20
Insurance	9,889
Utilities	4,414
Equipment rental	6,373
	75,139
Street Lighting:	
Utilities	18,146
	18,146
Total public works	93,285
Recreation and Culture:	
Parks and Recreation:	
Contracted services	4,450
Total recreation and culture	4,450
Capital Outlay:	
General government	164,949
Total capital outlay	164,949
Total expenditures	\$ 464,286
2 om enperiorates	Ψ 104,200

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

February 28, 2006

	Speci	_		
	Municipal Street Fund		Garbage Collection Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17	,007	\$ 11,217	\$ 28,224
Accounts receivable			8,080	8,080
Total assets	<u>\$ 17</u>	,007	\$ 19,297	\$ 36,304
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	- !	\$ 3,647	\$ 3,647
Total liabilities			3,647	3,647
Fund balances:				
Unreserved:				
Special revenue funds	17	,007	15,650	32,658
Total fund balances	17	,007	15,650	32,658
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17	,007	\$ 19,297	\$ 36,304

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended February 28, 2006

	Special Re		
	Municipal Street Fund	Garbage Collection Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 49,358	\$ -	\$ 49,358
Charges for services	-	64,127	64,127
Interest and rents	675	481	1,156
Other revenue	6,397		6,397
Total revenues	56,430	64,608	121,038
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	60,070	69,422	129,492
Total expenditures	60,070	69,422	129,492
Excess (deficiency) of			
revenues over expenditures	(3,640)	(4,814)	(8,454)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	(23,304)		(23,304)
Total other fnancing sources (uses)	(23,304)		(23,304)
Net change in fund balance	(26,944)	(4,814)	(31,758)
Fund balance, beginning of year	43,951	20,464	64,416
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 17,007	\$ 15,650	\$ 32,658

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

February 28, 2006

2005 CONTRACT PAYABLE - SANITARY SEWER TREATMENT FACILITY

Issue dated 11/01/05 in the amount of \$ 300,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year
Balance payable at February 28, 2006 \$ 300,000

								Total
		Interest Due			Pri	ncipal Due		Annual
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>	<u>4/1</u>		<u>10/1</u>		<u>10/1</u>	Re	<u>quirement</u>
2007	4.50%	\$ 5,716	\$	6,859	\$	5,000	\$	17,575
2008	4.50%	6,746		6,746		5,000		18,492
2009	4.50%	6,634		6,634		5,000		18,268
2010	4.50%	6,521		6,521		5,000		18,042
2011	4.50%	6,409		6,409		10,000		22,818
2012	4.50%	6,184		6,183		10,000		22,367
2013	4.50%	5,959		5,959		10,000		21,918
2014	4.50%	5,733		5,734		10,000		21,467
2015	4.50%	5,509		5,509		15,000		26,018
2016	4.50%	5,171		5,171		15,000		25,342
2017	4.50%	4,834		4,834		15,000		24,668
2018	4.50%	4,496		4,496		15,000		23,992
2019	4.50%	4,159		4,159		20,000		28,318
2020	4.50%	3,709		3,708		20,000		27,417
2021	4.55%	3,259		3,259		20,000		26,518
2022	4.60%	2,803		2,804		20,000		25,607
2023	4.65%	2,344		2,344		25,000		29,688
2024	4.65%	1,763		1,762		25,000		28,525
2025	4.70%	1,181		1,181		25,000		27,362
2026	4.75%	 593		594		25,000		26,187
		\$ 89,723	\$	90,866	\$	300,000	\$	480,589

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

February 28, 2006

2005 SEWER IMPROVEMENT BONDS

Issue dated 1/20/05 in the amount of \$290,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year
Balance payable at February 28, 2006 \$290,000

									Total
			Intere	st Dı	ie	Pri	ncipal Due		Annual
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>		<u>4/1</u>		<u>10/1</u>		<u>4/1</u>	Re	<u>quirement</u>
2007	2.5000/	Φ	5.057	Ф	5 (01	¢.	10.000	Ф	21.520
2007	3.500%	\$	5,857	\$	5,681	\$	10,000	\$	21,538
2008	3.500%		5,682		5,506		10,000		21,188
2009	3.500%		5,507		5,331		10,000		20,838
2010	3.50%		5,332		5,156		10,000		20,488
2011	3.50%		5,157		4,981		10,000		20,138
2012	3.50%		4,982		4,806		10,000		19,788
2013	3.65%		4,807		4,631		10,000		19,438
2014	3.75%		4,632		4,449		10,000		19,081
2015	3.90%		4,449		4,167		15,000		23,616
2016	4.00%		4,168		3,875		15,000		23,043
2017	4.05%		3,875		3,575		15,000		22,450
2018	4.15%		3,575		3,271		15,000		21,846
2019	4.20%		3,271		2,960		15,000		21,231
2020	4.43%		2,960		2,645		15,000		20,605
2021	4.30%		2,645		2,220		20,000		24,865
2022	4.40%		2,220		1,789		20,000		24,009
2023	4.45%		1,790		1,350		20,000		23,140
2024	4.50%		1,350		905		20,000		22,255
2025	4.50%		905		455		20,000		21,360
2026	4.55%		455				20,000		20,455
		\$	73,619	\$	67,753	\$	290,000	\$	431,372

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

February 28, 2006

2002 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds

Issue dated 7/23/02 in the amount of \$1,150,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years (21,000)
Principal paid in current year (11,000)

Balance payable at February 28, 2006 \$ 1,118,000

Balance payable as follows:

arance payaere c	.5 10110							Total
		Interest	Due		Prin	ıcipal Due		nnual
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>	<u>3/1</u>		<u>9/1</u>		9/1	Req	<u>uirement</u>
2007	4.750%	\$ 26,553	\$	26,553	\$	12,000	\$	65,106
2008	4.750%	26,268		26,268		12,000		64,536
2009	4.750%	25,983		25,983		13,000		64,966
2010	4.750%	25,674		25,674		13,000		64,348
2011	4.750%	25,365		25,365		14,000		64,730
2012	4.750%	25,033		25,033		15,000		65,066
2013	4.750%	24,676		24,676		15,000		64,352
2014	4.750%	24,320		24,320		16,000		64,640
2015	4.750%	23,940		23,940		17,000		64,880
2016	4.750%	23,536		23,536		18,000		65,072
2017	4.750%	23,109		23,109		19,000		65,218
2018	4.750%	22,658		22,658		19,000		64,316
2019	4.750%	22,206		22,206		20,000		64,412
2020	4.750%	21,731		21,731		21,000		64,462
2021	4.750%	21,233		21,233		22,000		64,466
2022	4.750%	20,710		20,710		23,000		64,420
2023	4.750%	20,164		20,164		24,000		64,328
2024	4.750%	19,594		19,594		26,000		65,188
2025	4.750%	18,976		18,976		27,000		64,952
2026	4.750%	18,335		18,335		28,000		64,670
2027	4.750%	17,670		17,670		29,000		64,340
2028	4.750%	16,981		16,981		31,000		64,962
2029	4.750%	16,245		16,245		32,000		64,490
2030	4.750%	15,485		15,485		34,000		64,970
2031	4.750%	14,678		14,678		35,000		64,356
2032	4.750%	13,846		13,846		37,000		64,692
2033	4.750%	12,968		12,968		39,000		64,936
2034	4.750%	12,041		12,041		41,000		65,082
2035	4.750%	11,068		11,068		43,000		65,136
2036	4.750%	10,046		10,046		45,000		65,092

continued

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

February 28, 2006

2002 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, continued

		 Intere	st Du	e	Pri	incipal Due		Total Annual
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>	 <u>3/1</u>		<u>9/1</u>		<u>9/1</u>	Re	<u>equirement</u>
2037	4.750%	8,978		8,978		47,000		64,956
2038	4.750%	7,861		7,861		49,000		64,722
2039	4.750%	6,698		6,698		51,000		64,396
2040	4.750%	5,486		5,486		54,000		64,972
2041	4.750%	4,204		4,204		56,000		64,408
2042	4.750%	2,874		2,874		59,000		64,748
2043	4.750%	 1,473		1,473		62,000		64,946
		\$ 638,666	\$	638,666	\$	1,118,000	\$	2,395,332

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

February 28, 2006

1998 WATER REVENUE REFUNDING BONDS

Issue dated 6/1/88 in the amount of \$ 350,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years (235,000)

Principal paid in current year (25,000)

Balance payable at February 28, 2006 \$ 90,000

		Intere	st Du	ie	Prin	icipal Due		Total Annual
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>	<u>4/1</u>		<u>10/1</u>		<u>10/1</u>	Re	<u>quirement</u>
2007	8.200%	\$ 3,735	\$	3,735	\$	30,000	\$	37,470
2008	8.300%	2,505		2,505		30,000		35,010
2009	8.400%	 1,260		1,260		30,000		32,520
		\$ 7,500	\$	7,500	\$	90,000	\$	105,000

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS (CONTINUED)

February 28, 2006

2001 INSTALLMENT PURCHASE CONTRACT

Issue dated 1	2/04/01 in the amount of	\$ 55,500
Less:	Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year	 (9,000) (3,000)
Balance paya	able at February 28, 2006	\$ 43,500

							Total
		Interest Due		Prin	cipal Due		Annual
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>	<u>12/1</u>			<u>12/1</u>	Rec	<u>quirement</u>
2007	4.750%	\$	2,066	\$	3,000	\$	5,066
2008	4.750%		1,924		3,000		4,924
2009	4.750%		1,781		3,000		4,781
2010	4.750%		1,639		4,000		5,639
2011	4.750%		1,449		4,000		5,449
2012	4.750%		1,259		4,000		5,259
2013	4.750%		1,069		4,000		5,069
2014	4.750%		879		4,000		4,879
2015	4.750%		689		4,500		5,189
2016	4.750%		475		5,000		5,475
2017	4.750%		238		5,000		5,238
		\$	13,468	\$	43,500	\$	56,968

COMPONENT UNIT – DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

February 28, 2006

2004 DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT LIMITED TAX BONDS

Issue dated 5/1/05 in the amount of \$ 250,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years (5,000)

Principal paid in current year (5,000)

Balance payable at February 28, 2006 \$ 240,000

								Total	
			Interest Due			Principal Due		Annual	
Year Ended	<u>Rate</u>	<u>6/1</u>		<u>12/1</u>		<u>12/1</u>		Requirement	
2007	4.000%	\$	5,330	\$	5,330	\$	5,000	\$	15,660
2008	4.000%		5,230		5,230		5,000		15,460
2009	4.000%		5,130		5,130		10,000		20,260
2010	4.000%		4,930		4,930		10,000		19,860
2011	4.000%		4,730		4,730		10,000		19,460
2012	4.000%		4,530		4,530		10,000		19,060
2013	4.000%		4,330		4,330		10,000		18,660
2014	4.050%		4,130		4,130		10,000		18,260
2015	4.200%		3,928		3,927		10,000		17,855
2016	4.300%		3,717		3,718		15,000		22,435
2017	4.400%		3,395		3,395		15,000		21,790
2018	4.450%		3,065		3,065		15,000		21,130
2019	4.550%		2,731		2,731		15,000		20,462
2020	4.600%		2,390		2,390		20,000		24,780
2021	4.700%		1,930		1,930		20,000		23,860
2022	4.800%		1,460		1,460		20,000		22,920
2023	4.900%		980		980		20,000		21,960
2024	4.900%		490		490		20,000		20,980
		\$	62,426	\$	62,426	\$	240,000	\$	364,852



60 Harrow Lane Saginaw, Michigan 48638

(989) 791-1555 Fax (989) 791-1992

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Village Council Village of Millington, Tuscola County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Millington, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2006, which collectively comprise the Village of Millington's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Millington's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Millington's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Village Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berthiaume & Company

Certified Public Accountants

Berthiaume & Co.

May 11, 2006



60 Harrow Lane Saginaw, Michigan 48638

> (989) 791-1555 Fax (989) 791-1992

May 11, 2006

To The Village Council Village of Millington

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Millington for the year ended February 28, 2006. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Millington in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through he financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Village of Millington are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the Village of Millington during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Other Communications

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but no limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Village's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the organization's financial statements, dated May 11, 2006.

Summary

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing.

Sincerely,

Berthiaume & Company

Certified Public Accountants

Berthiaume & Co.